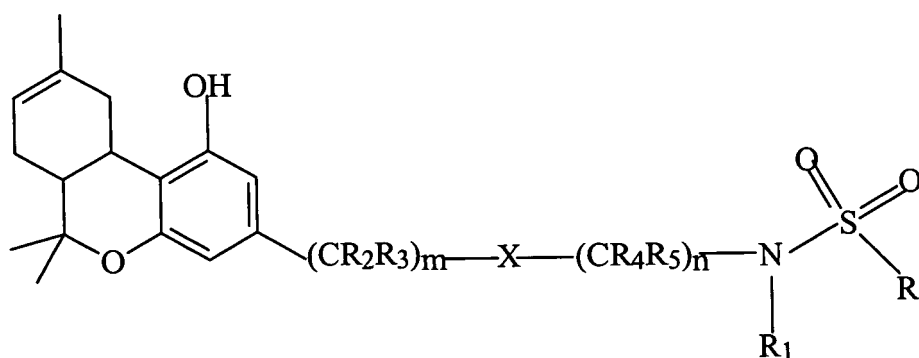


The following is a complete listing of all claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

Listing of claims:

1. (Currently amended) A compound of the general formula



where

m is an integer from 0 to 5;

n is an integer from 0 to 5;

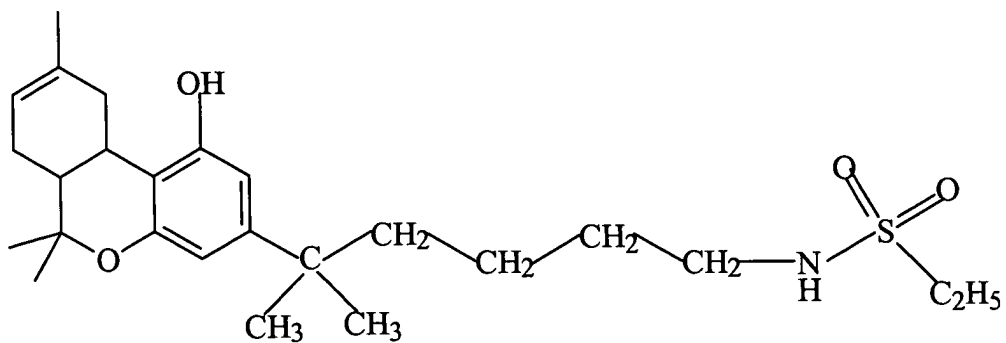
R is C_1 to C_7 alkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, hydroxy, alkyl hydroxy, substituted phenyl, or CH_2X^1 , where $X^1 = H, Cl, Br, I$ or F ;

R_1 is H, C_1 to C_7 alkyl, phenyl, or substituted phenyl;

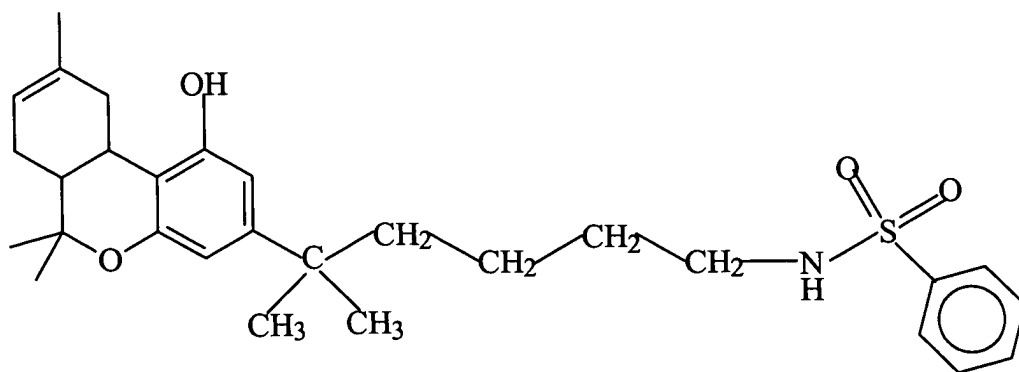
R_2, R_3, R_4 and R_5 are H or C_1 to C_7 alkyl, and R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4 and R_5 may be the same or different; and

X is CH_2 or a saturated or unsaturated C_1 to C_2 carbon chain.

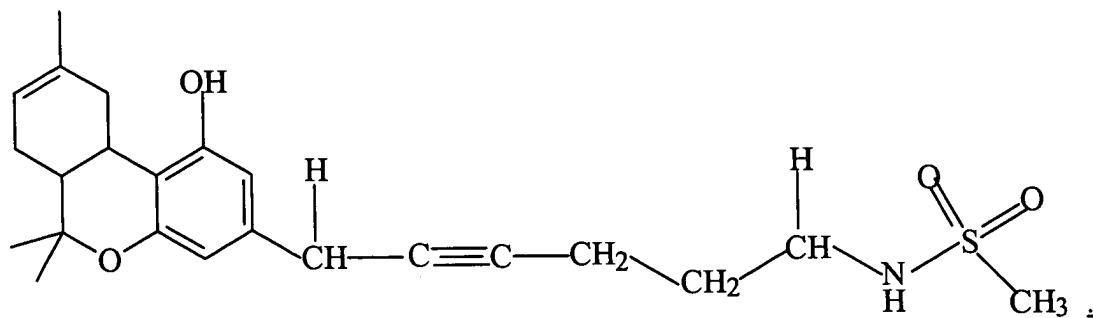
2. (Currently amended) A compound of formula



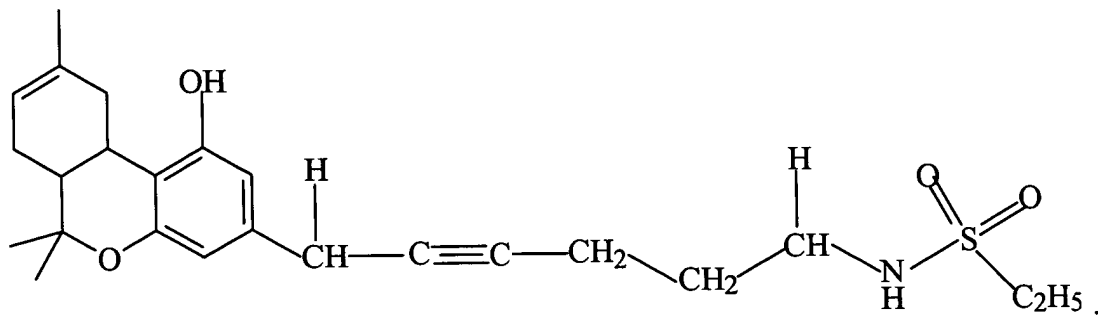
3. (Currently amended) A compound of formula



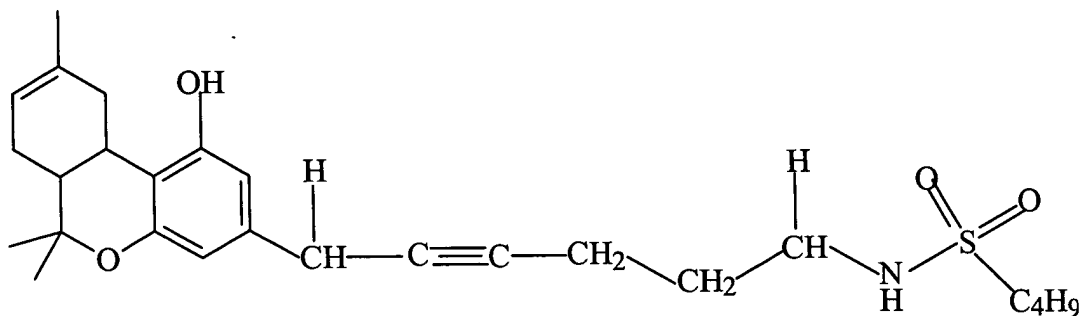
4. (Currently amended) A compound of formula



5. (Currently amended) A compound of formula



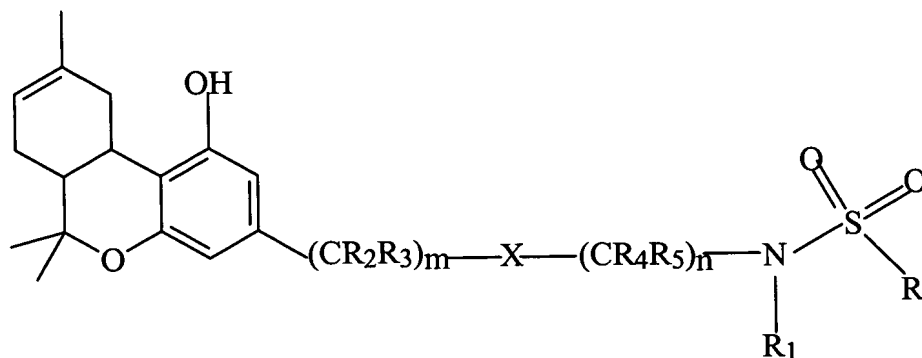
6. (Currently amended) A compound of formula



7. (Currently amended) A method of treatment of a condition or disorders related to cannabinoid-regulated systems in a patient in need thereof, wherein if said compound is an agonist of a CB1 receptor then said condition is selected from the group consisting of acute pain; chronic pain; inflammation; loss of appetite, convulsions, spasticity associated with multiple sclerosis, convulsions, epilepsy; and nausea and vomiting; and wherein if said compound is a silent antagonist of a CB1 receptor then said condition is selected from the group consisting of obesity; impaired cognition; and alcohol, tobacco, cocaine or marijuana dependence,

comprising the step of

administering to said patient a quantity of a compound of ~~generic~~ formula



where

m is an integer from 0 to 5;

n is an integer from 0 to 5;

R is C₁ to C₇ alkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, hydroxy, alkyl hydroxy, substituted phenyl, or CH₂X¹, where X¹ = H, Cl, Br, I or F;

R₁ is H, C₁ to C₇ alkyl, phenyl, or substituted phenyl;

R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ are H or C₁ to C₇ alkyl, and R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ may be the same or different; and

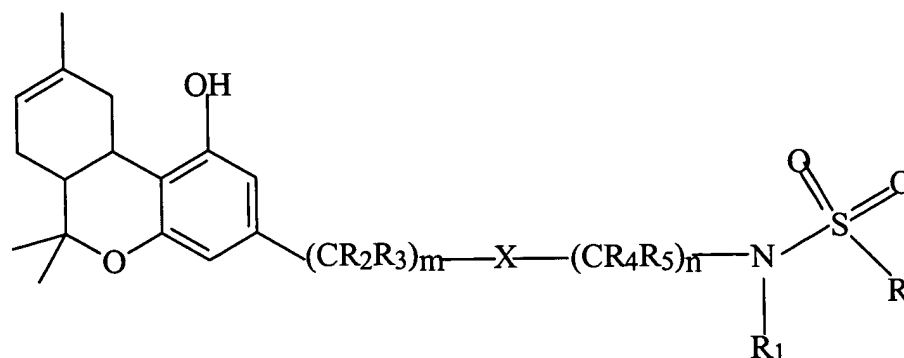
X is CH₂ or a saturated or unsaturated C₁ to C₂ carbon chain,
in a quantity sufficient to ameliorate symptoms of said condition or disorder.

8. (Cancel)

9. (Currently amended) A compound having a sulfonamide moiety which functions as an agonist or a silent antagonist of the CB1 cannabinoid receptor.

10. (Currently amended) A method for treating pain in a patient comprising administering to said patient an effective dose of ~~a silent antagonist~~ an agonist of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist includes a sulfonamide moiety.

11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10 wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist has the generic chemical formula



where

m is an integer from 0 to 5;

n is an integer from 0 to 5;

R is C₁ to C₇ alkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, hydroxy, alkyl hydroxy, substituted phenyl, or CH₂X¹, where X¹ = H, Cl, Br, I or F;

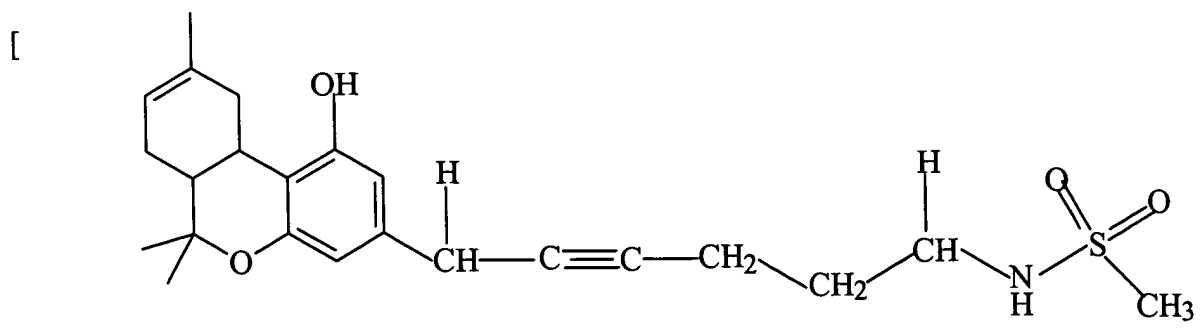
R₁ is H, C₁ to C₇ alkyl, phenyl, or substituted phenyl;

R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ are H or C₁ to C₇ alkyl, and R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ may be the same or different; and

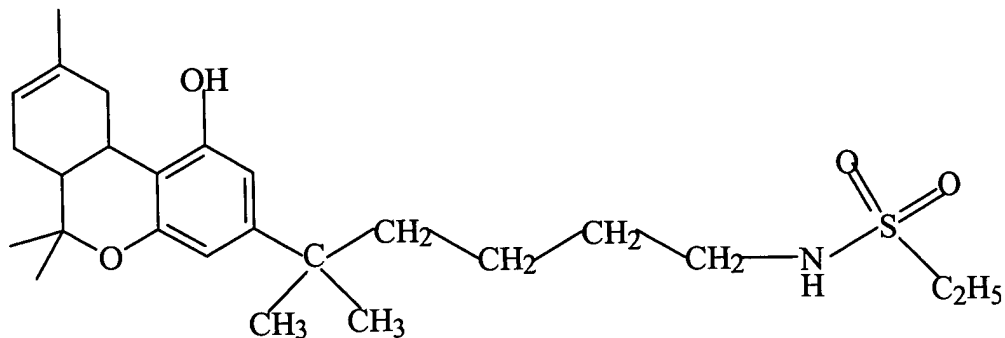
X is CH₂ or a saturated or unsaturated C₁ to C₂ carbon chain, with the proviso that if R is

1 CH₃ then X must be CH₂ or a saturated C₂ carbon chain.

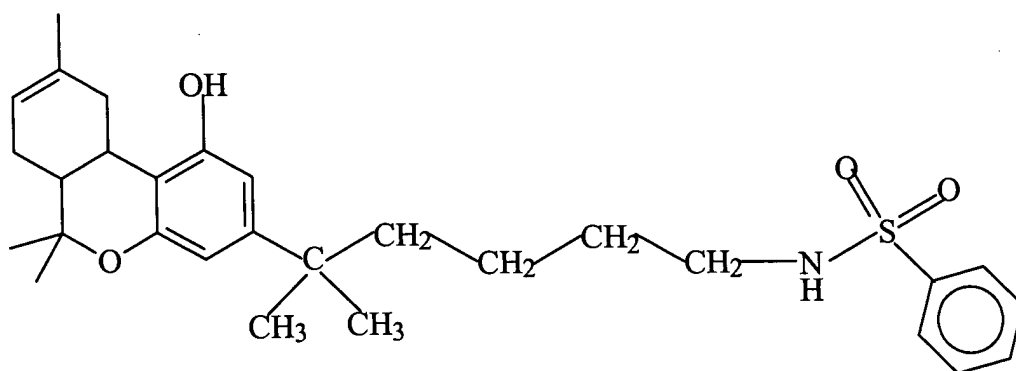
12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10 wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist is



selected from the group consisting of

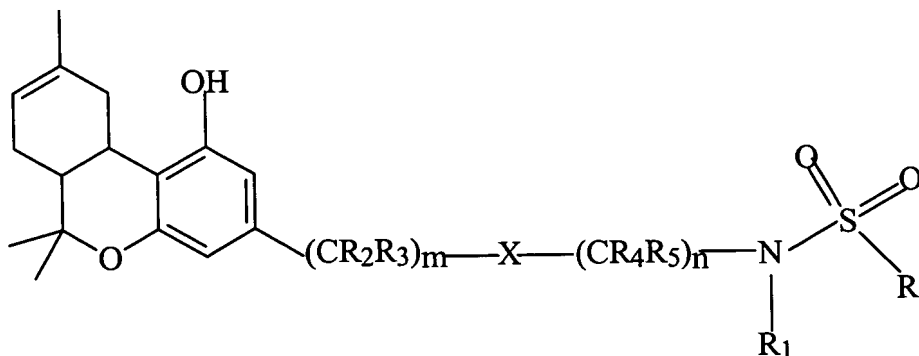


and



13. (Currently amended) A method for treating nausea in a patient comprising administering to said patient an effective dose of ~~a silent antagonist~~ an agonist of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist includes a sulfonamide moiety.

14. (Currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist has the ~~generic~~ chemical formula



where

m is an integer from 0 to 5;

n is an integer from 0 to 5;

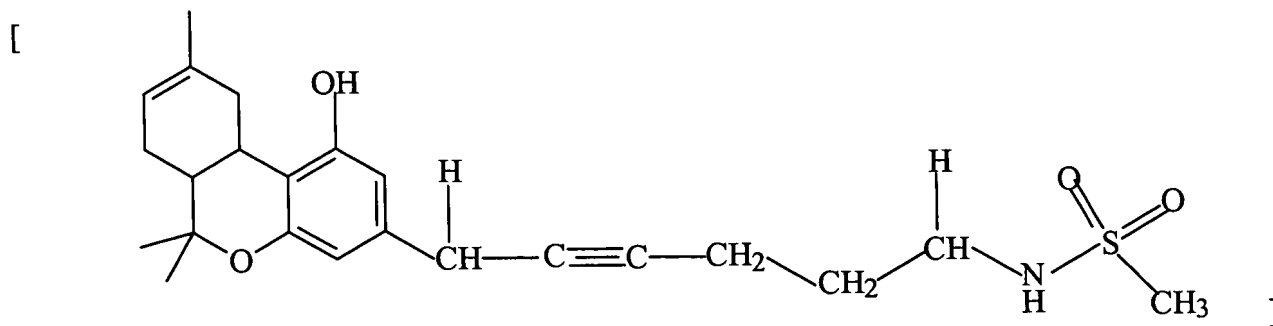
R is C₁ to C₇ alkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, hydroxy, alkyl hydroxy, substituted phenyl, or CH₂X¹, where X¹ = H, Cl, Br, I or F;

R₁ is H, C₁ to C₇ alkyl, phenyl, or substituted phenyl;

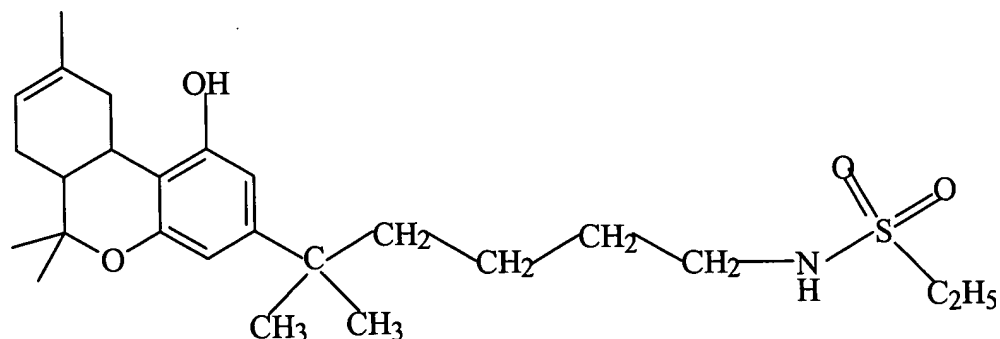
R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ are H or C₁ to C₇ alkyl, and R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄ and R₅ may be the same or different; and

X is CH₂ or a saturated or unsaturated C₁ to C₂ carbon chain, with the proviso that if R is CH₃, then X must be CH₂ or a saturated C₂ carbon chain.

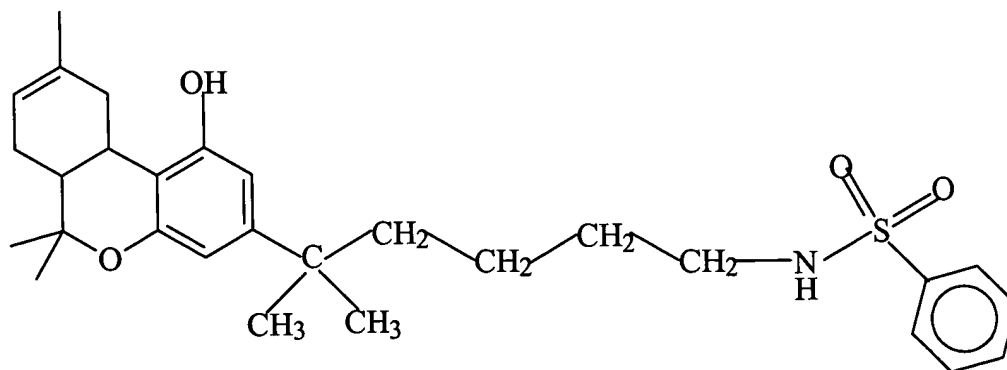
15. (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, wherein said ~~silent antagonist~~ agonist is



selected from the group consisting of



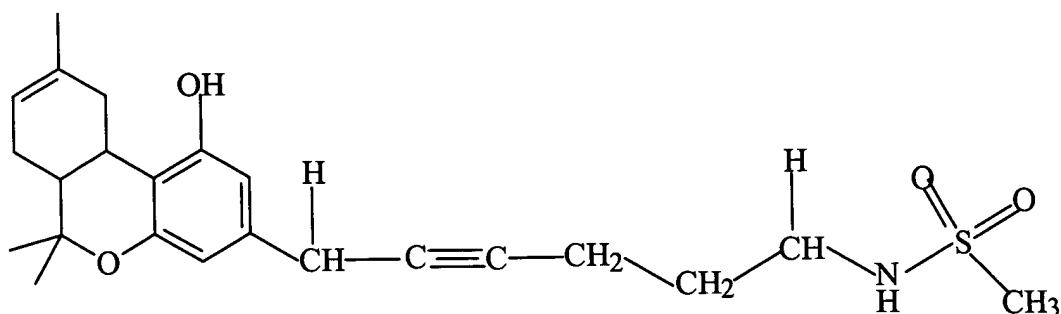
and



16. (Original) A method of blocking the effects of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor agonist in a patient, comprising the step of administering to said patient an effective dose of a silent antagonist of the CB1 cannabinoid receptor wherein said silent antagonist includes a sulfonamide moiety.

17. (New) A method for treating obesity in a patient comprising administering to said patient an effective dose of a silent antagonist of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor wherein said silent antagonist includes a sulfonamide moiety.

18. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein said silent antagonist is



19. (New) A method for treating drug craving in a patient comprising administering to said patient an effective dose of a silent antagonist of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor wherein said silent antagonist includes a sulfonamide moiety.

20. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein said silent antagonist is

